

Metric 1.2.2- Percentage of students enrolled in Certificate/ Value added courses and also completed online courses of MOOCs, SWAYAM, NPTEL etc. as against the total number of students during the last five years

Clarification Asked-

Provide the certificate of any 10 students enrolled in Communication Skills and PD Share Market Employment Environment & Sustainable Economic development.

Response-

1) Attendance and certificates of Value Added Program for the mentioned courses is attached. **(Appendix-I)**

Appendix-I



स्थापना

॥ शीलं परं भूषणम् ॥

१९६०

जीवनविकास एज्युकेशन सोसायटी, नागपूर द्वारा संचालित
सरकारमान्य

नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय (कला व वाणिज्य)

आयुर्वेदिक ले-आऊट, मिरची बाजार, उमरेड रोड, नागपूर-२४. ☎ ०७९१२-२७०००१०, Email : navpratibha.mahavidyalaya@gmail.com

राजेंद्र झाडे
सचिव

डॉ. देवमन कामडी
कार्यकारी प्राचार्य

बाबूराव झाडे
कार्याध्यक्ष

संदर्भ क्र.:

दिनांक :

Learning Management System (LMS)

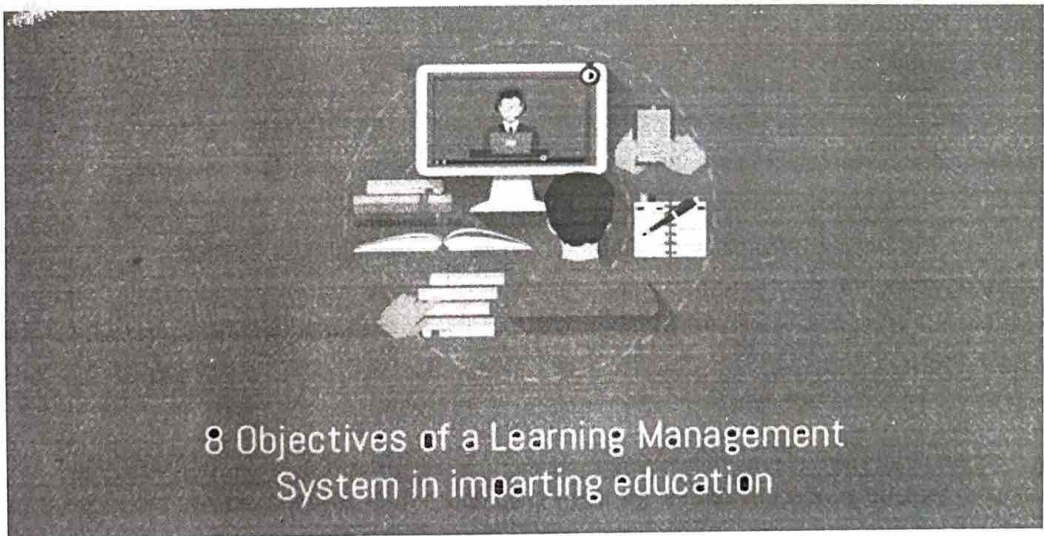
About LEARNING MANAGEMENT SYSTEM:-

A Learning Management System (LMS) is a software application or Web-based technology used to plan, implement, and assess a specific learning process. Typically, a learning management system provides an instructor with a way to create and deliver content, monitor student participation, and assess student performance.

LMS is an online system or software which is used to plan, execute, and assess a specific learning process. In simple words, LMS is software used in e-Learning programs and which helps in administration, documentation, tracking, and recording. Learning Management Systems are used to maintain online collaboration over the internet. Colleges and companies use them to deliver online training as well as for maintaining employee records.

Objective:-

The main objective of Learning Management Systems is to enhance the learning process. A Learning Management System not only delivers content, but also handles registering courses, course administration, skill gap analysis, tracking, and reporting.



1. To give access to a pool of resources

A **Learning Management System** has the capacity to hold a plethora of content within itself, aiming to provide a wide set of information to the learner. Be it the learner or the tutor, both have an access to a pool of resources or rather content where they can get an access to at any point in time. This ensures that there is no restriction on the volume of the content that the learner can indulge in.

2. To eliminate the traditional barriers

The traditional methods of teaching have certain barriers or rather limitations that this LMS successfully tries to overcome. The chances of missing out on important classes, not understanding the concept in the very first attempt and not having the privilege of accessing course materials in one's own style are some of the drawbacks that a traditional learning method is coated with. With an aim to ward off these limitations, a **Learning Management System** has all the right reasons to steal the limelight from the traditional method of learning. The convenience of accessing the sessions at any time and anywhere, revisiting the sessions, innovative and effective sessions are some of the advantages that have successfully brushed away the limitations of traditional method.

3. To make learning effective

With technology in education, one gets the privilege to add all sorts of creative and effective elements that make education fun and fruitful in nature. From variety in content to social learning element, LMS aims to make education effective for the students. In addition to this, it also allows the learner to access content as many times as possible, accentuating the convenience of the learner. The various assessment tools and reports keep a track on the student's performance, encouraging to make amendments as per the need and requirements. This ensures that the sessions are effective for the students.

4. To effortlessly blend in technology

Blending in technology with education considerably helps in accentuating the learning and development process among the students. With technology playing an important role in today's generation, imparting education through this medium will definitely be worth the efforts. This type of learning is all decked up with technology to make education fun.

5. To give the privilege of accessing content anytime

LMS makes it convenient to give the privilege of accessing the content 24*7. There might arise a situation where the student will have to go through the entire session more than once to

understand a particular concept. Also, the accessibility of content at any time evades the disadvantage caused by missing classes or lectures.

6. To considerably save time, energy and money

Time, energy and money are three most important elements that when conserved, will bear fruits for time to come. Having said this, one of the objective's of an LMS is to considerably save time, energy and money of both the learner as well as the institution. With online sessions, the school need not spend their time, energy and money in appointing a full-time teacher. Moreover, the students also benefit as they get to access the course at their own convenience. Also, when the learning sessions are available online, the students need not spend money on commuting to and fro saving their time, energy and money.

7. To customize the learning sessions as per the requirements

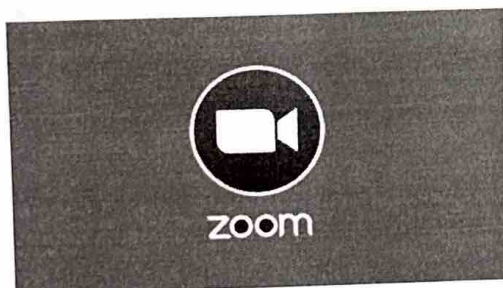
Learning sessions now need not be a redundant process or rather the "one size fits all" concept. It is designed to look after the needs and requirements of each and every learner. Interesting videos, effective images, informative PDF's and clear audios are some of the elements that are beautifully and carefully blended to craft innovative learning sessions. This ensures that each and every session is created considering the diverse requirement, making it convenient for the students.

8. To make the evaluation and feedback an easy process

An LMS does not only aim to make learning sessions interesting and informative in nature, it also sees to it that how effective these sessions have been. It eases out the evaluation process with reports and feedback sessions. A plethora of reports can be generated to understand how convenient the learning sessions would be for the users and also the feedback option helps in understanding any issues that the learner is facing.

Use software for LMS:-

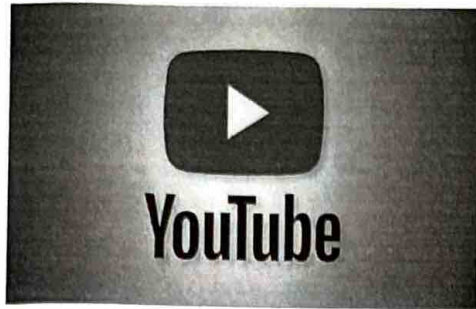
1) Zoom Meeting App



2) WhatsApp



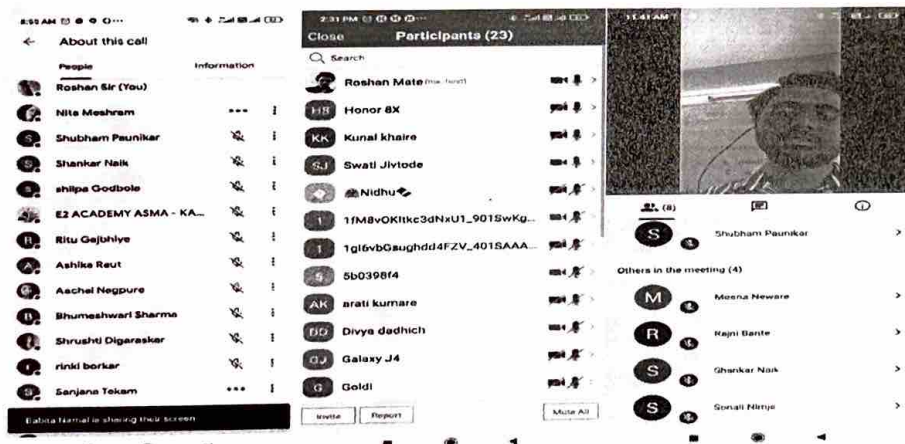
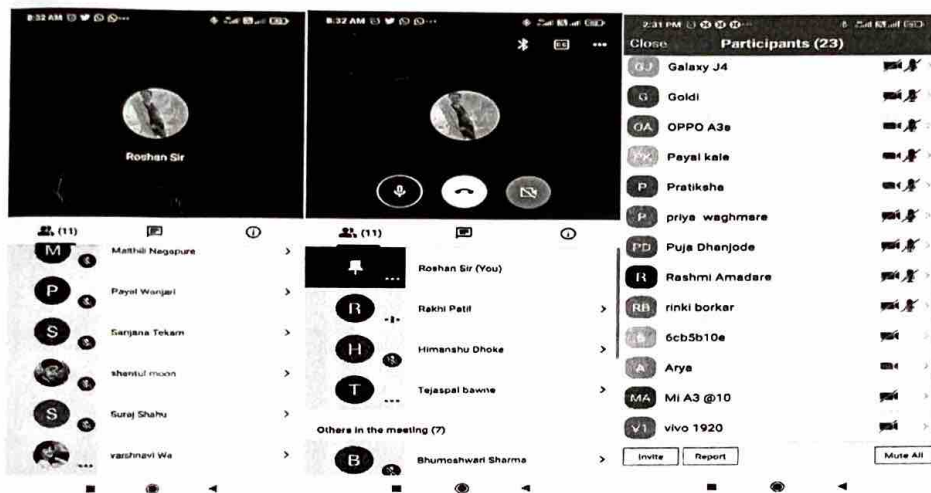
3) YouTube

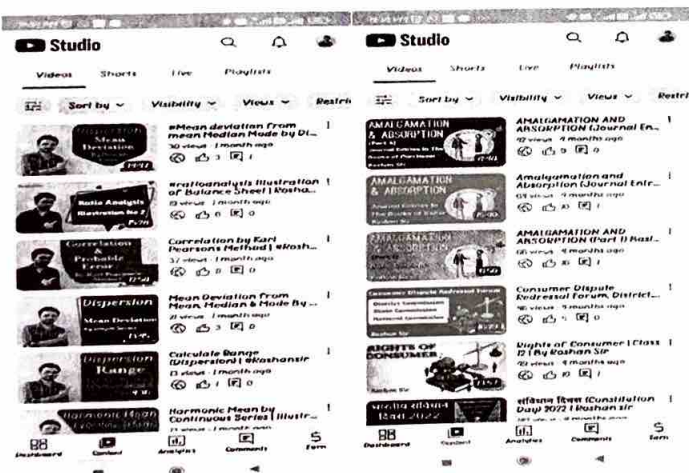


4) Google Meet

Activity:-

Activity under LMS are as following.





LMS is very important for students to learn from various software. It is useful to take education by online system.



Officiating Principal
Navpratibha Mahavidyalaya
Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.



स्थापना

॥ शीलं परं भूषणम् ॥

१९६०

जीवनविकास एज्युकेशन सोसायटी, नागपूर द्वारा संचालित
सरकारमान्य

नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय (कला व वाणिज्य)

आयुर्वेदिक ले-आऊट, मिरवी बाजार, उमरेड रोड, नागपूर-२४. ☎ ०७९१२-२७०००१०, Email : navpratibha.mahavidyalaya@gmail.com

राजेंद्र झाडे
सचिव

डॉ. देवमन कामडी
कार्यकारी प्राचार्य

बाबुराव झाडे
कार्याध्यक्ष

संदर्भ क्र.:

दिनांक : 15 Nov. 21

दिनांक :- 15 नोव्हेंबर 2021

प्रति,

डॉ. देवमन डी. कामडी
प्राचार्य
नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय,
नागपूर

विषय :- 'भाग बाजार' (Share Market) या विषयावर अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करण्याची परवानगी
मिळण्याबाबत.

बी.कॉम. प्रथम वर्षाकरिता भाग बाजार या विषयावर अतिरिक्त अभ्यासक्रम 'मूल्यवर्धित
कार्यक्रम अंतर्गत सुरु करण्याची परवानगी मिळावी. येत्या 2 डिसेंबर 2021 पासून प्रस्तूत प्रमाणपत्र
अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करण्याची वाणिज्य विभागाला परवानगी द्यावी ही विनंती.

धन्यवाद!

R. R. Mate
आपला विश्वासू

रोशन रा. माटे

(सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक)

सत्र :- 2021-22



स्थापना

॥ शीलं परं भूषणम् ॥

१९६०

जीवनविकास एज्युकेशन सोसायटी, नागपूर द्वारा संचालित
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आयुर्वेदिक ले-आऊट, मिरची बाजार, उमरेड रोड, नागपूर-२४. ☎ ०७१२-२७०००१०, Email : navpratiha.mahavidyalaya@gmail.com

राजेंद्र झाडे
सचिव

डॉ. देवमन कामडी
कार्यकारी प्राचार्य

बाबूराव झाडे
कार्याध्यक्ष

संदर्भ क्र.:

दिनांक : 17 Nov. 21

दिनांक:- 17 नोव्हेंबर 2021

प्रति,

रोशन रा. माटे
सहायक प्राध्यापक
नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय,
नागपूर

संदर्भ :- 15 नोव्हेंबर 2021 चे आपले पत्र

विषय :- 'भाग बाजार' (Share Market) या विषयावर अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करण्याची परवानगी

बी.कॉम. प्रथम वर्षाच्या विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी वाणिज्य विभागातर्फे आपण भाग बाजार या विषयावर प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करण्याची परवानगी मागीतली आहे. विद्यार्थ्यांच्या मनातील 'भाग बाजार' या विषयावर माहिती व्हावी या दृष्टीने असा अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करणे योग्य आहे. या पत्रान्वये प्रस्तुत प्रमाणपत्र 2021-22 सत्रात सुरु करण्याची परवानगी वाणिज्य विभागाला देण्यात येत आहे.

प्राचार्य

Officially Principal
(डॉ. देवमन डी. कामडी)
Navpratiha Mahavidyalaya
Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.

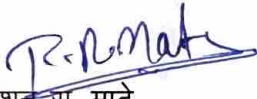
नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2022-23

बी. कॉम प्रथम वर्षाच्या विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

सूचना

बी.कॉम प्रथम वर्षाच्या सर्व विद्यार्थ्यांना सूचित करण्यात येत आहे की, वाणिज्य विभागाने भाग बाजार या विषयावर प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम आयोजित केला आहे. ज्या विद्यार्थ्यांना या अभ्यासक्रमासाठी आपली नावे नोंदवायची आहेत त्यांनी सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक रोशन रा. माटे यांच्याशी दिनांक 12 ऑगस्ट 2022 पर्यंत संपर्क साधावा.



रोशन रा. माटे

सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक

दिनांक :- 6 ऑगस्ट 2022



Officiating Principal
Navpratibha Mahavidyalaya
Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.

नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2022-23

बी. कॉम प्रथम वर्षाच्या विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

वाणिज्य विभाग

'भाग बाजार' प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

वेळापत्रक 2022-23

वेळ	दिवस
दुपारी 12 ते 1	सोमवार , बुधवार, शनिवार

टीप :- वेळापत्रकात दोनवेळी वाणिज्य विभागातर्फे आवश्यक कारणासाठी बदल होऊ शकतात.
तशी सूचना विभागाद्वारे विद्यार्थ्यांना दिली जाईल

रोशन रा. माटे

(सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक)


Officiating Principal
Navpratibha Mahavidyalaya
Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.

नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2022-23

'भाग बाजार' प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

Syllabus

Unit 1

- 1) Introduction of share market (1 hour)
- 2) Financial market :- Meaning and function (1 hour)
- 3) Types of Financial Market (2 hours)
- 4) Stock exchange :- Meaning and introduction (1 hour)
- 5) Function of stock exchange (1 hour)
- 6) Stock exchange in India (1 hour)
- 7) Important terms related to stock exchange (1 hour)
- 8) Security and exchange Board of India (SEBI) (1 hour)
- 9) Function of SEBI (1 hour)

Unit 2,

- 10) Types of security (share, debenture, bond etc) (2 hour)
- 11) Procedure for issue of share and debenture (2 hour)
- 12) Depository system :- Meaning (1 hour)
- 13) Constituents of depository system (1 hour)
- 14) Function of depository system (1 hour)
- 15) Depository in India (1 hour)
- 16) IPO and FPO (1 hour)
- 17) Introduction about portfolio and watchlist (1 hour)

Unit 3

- 18) What is Nifty and Sensex (1 hour)
- 19) How to open account for trading (1 hour)
- 20) Trading of share (1 hour)
- 21) Introduction of option chain (1 hour)
- 22) Technical analysis (1 hour)
- 23) Analysis of profit and loss of company (2 hour)
- 24) What is support and resistance (1 hour)
- 25) Candlestick pattern of share (1 hour)
- 26) Bank Nifty and option (1 hour)


Officiating Principal
Navpratibha Mahavidyalaya
Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.

पात्रता (Eligibility):-

बी. कॉम प्रथम वर्षाचे विद्यार्थी

प्रवेशमर्यादा (Enrolment):-

कमाल 80 विद्यार्थी

कालावधी व शिकविण्याचे तास (Duration and Teaching Hours):-

30 दिवस, प्रत्येक दिवशी 1 तास

परिक्षा (Examination):-

20 गुणांची परीक्षा घेतली जाईल. त्यात तोंडी व लेखी असे दोन भाग असतील मिळणाऱ्या अंतिम श्रेणीची विभागणी खालीलप्रमाणे राहील.

अ. क.	गुणवत्ता	श्रेणी	गुण
1	अव्वल	O Grade	70 % टक्क्यांच्या वर
2	प्रथम श्रेणी	A Grade	60 % ते 70%
3	द्वितीय श्रेणी	B Grade	50 % ते 60%
4	L उत्तीर्ण	D Grade	40 %ते 50%
5	अनुत्तीर्ण	F Grade	40 % टक्क्यांच्या खाली


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नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2022-23

'भाग बाजार' प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

1. How many companies are included in the SENSEX?
 - (a) 30
 - (b) 50
 - (c) 111
 - (d) 25
2. Which of the following is responsible for the fluctuations in the Sensex?
 - (a) Rain
 - (b) Monetary policy
 - (c) Political instability
 - (d) All of the above
3. Which of the following words does not belong to the stock exchange?
 - (a) KPO
 - (b) NSE
 - (c) IPO
 - (d) NIFTY
4. What is called "Blue Chip"?
 - (a) Companies which are run by large corporate houses
 - (b) A company, whose share always provides profit
 - (c) A multinational company

(d) A company which is listed on a foreign stock exchange

5. When was Nifty established?

(a) 1952

(b) 1965

(c) 1991

(d) 1996

6. Dividends received from limited companies are:

(a) Taxable

(b) Non-taxable

7. The Share price is decided by:

(a) Stock Exchange Management

(b) Companies

(c) Buyers and sellers of the particular stocks

(d) Central government

8. The term Bullish indicates:

(a) Positive price action

(b) Negative price action

(c) Neutral price action

(d) None of these.

9. What is the expansion of SENSEX?

(a) Sensitive Index of Bombay Stock Exchange

(b) Sensitive Index of National Stock Exchange

- (c) Stock Exchange of Indian Index
- (d) Indian Stock Report of Companies

10. Indian Stock Markets Movements are influenced by:

- (a) Global political factors
- (b) Domestic political factors
- (c) Global and domestic economic factors
- (d) All of the above.

11. The process of issuing share to the public is called as:

- (a) Right issue
- (b) Bonus issue
- (c) Initial Public Offer
- (d) Company issue

12. The Stock Market trading time in India (NSE and BSE) is:

- (a) 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM
- (b) 10:00 AM to 4:30 PM
- (c) 9:45 AM to 3:00 PM
- (d) 9:15 AM to 3:30 PM

13. The first computerised online stock exchange in India was

- (a) NSE
- (b) BSE
- (c) MCX
- (d) Commodity

14. A rise in "Sensex" means:

- (a) A rise in prices of shares of all companies registered with the Bombay Stock Exchange
- (b) An overall rise in prices of shares of all companies registered with the National Stock Exchange
- (c) An overall rise in prices of shares of group of companies registered with the Bombay Stock Exchange
- (d) All of the above.

15. Debenture holders of a company are its:

- (a) Owners
- (b) Creditors
- (c) Debtors
- (d) Directors

16. SEBI was established in the year:

- (a) 1992
- (b) 1988
- (c) 1990
- (d) 1989

17. The regulatory body for the securities market in India is:

- (a) RBI
- (b) IRDA
- (c) Stock exchanges
- (d) SEBI

18. Bull and _____ are speculators.

- (a) Jobber
- (b) Bear

(c) Broker

(d) Share holders

19. _____ are called non-cleared securities.

(a) Group B share

(b) Group A share

(c) Group G shares

(d) None of these

20. Rigging activity is carried on by the _____ speculators.

(a) Bull

(b) Jobber

(c) Bear

(d) Broker


Officiating Principal
Navpratibha Mahavidyalaya
Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.

[illegible]

62	SIDDHARTH SUNILRAO KHATRI	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	
63	SONAM SUNIL YESANSURE	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	
64	SUMIT MUKUNDA GAJBHIYE	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
65	SURAJ RATIRAM DHOTE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
66	SUSHMA PUNDLIK BORKAR	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
67	SWATI SHRAWAN HAJARE	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
68	TEJAS SATISH SANKALE	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
69	UDAY LAXMINARAYAN GEDAM	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
70	UMESH HARISH BHORKAR	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	
71	VAISHNAVI SHIVDAS MESHAM	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	
72	VAISHNAVI VILAS SONTAKKE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
73	VAISHNAVI VINOD BORKAR	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	
74	VISHAL RAMANAND WAHANE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
75	VISHAL SUNIL MULEWAR	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
76	VISHWAJIT GANESH BANSOD	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	
77	VRUSHABH RANGRAO DUPARE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	


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 Mirchi Bazar, Nagpur-24.



स्थापना

॥ शीलं परं भूषणम् ॥

१९६०

जीवनविकास एज्युकेशन सोसायटी, नागपूर द्वारा संचालित
सरकारमान्य

नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय (कला व वाणिज्य)

आयुर्वेदिक ले-आऊट, मिरबी बाजार, उमरेड रोड, नागपूर-२४. ☎ ०७९२-२७०००१०, Email : navprati bha.mahavidyalaya@gmail.com

राजेंद्र झाडे
सचिव

डॉ. देवमन कामडी
कार्यकारी प्राचार्य

बाबूराव झाडे
कार्याध्यक्ष

संदर्भ क्र.:

दिनांक : 2 Aug 22

दिनांक :- 2 ऑगस्ट 2022

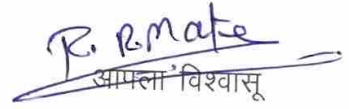
प्रति,

डॉ. देवमन डी. कामडी
प्राचार्य
नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय,
नागपूर

विषय :- 'भाग बाजार' (Share Market) या विषयावर अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करण्याची परवानगी
मिळण्याबाबत.

बी.कॉम. प्रथम वर्षाकरिता भाग बाजार या विषयावर अतिरिक्त अभ्यासक्रम 'मूल्यवर्धित
कार्यक्रम अंतर्गत सुरु करण्याची परवानगी मिळावी. येत्या 17 ऑगस्ट 2022 पासून प्रस्तूत प्रमाणपत्र
अभ्यासक्रम सुरु करण्याची वाणिज्य विभागाला परवानगी द्यावी ही विनंती.

धन्यवाद!


आपला विश्वासू

रोशन रा. माटे

(सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक)

सत्र :- 2022-2023

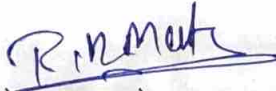
नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2021-22

बी. कॉम प्रथम वर्षाच्या विद्यार्थ्यांसाठी प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

सूचना

बी.कॉम प्रथम वर्षाच्या सर्व विद्यार्थ्यांना सूचित करण्यात येत आहे की, वाणिज्य विभागाने भाग बाजार या विषयावर प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम आयोजित केला आहे. ज्या विद्यार्थ्यांना या अभ्यासक्रमासाठी आपली नावे नोंदवायची आहेत त्यांनी सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक रोशन रा. माटे यांच्याशी दिनांक 26 नोव्हेंबर 2021 पर्यंत संपर्क साधावा.



रोशन रा. माटे

सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक

दिनांक :- 22 नोव्हेंबर 2021



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नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2021-22

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वाणिज्य विभाग

'भाग बाजार' प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

वेळापत्रक 2021-22

वेळ	दिवस
दुपारी 12 ते 1	सोमवार , बुधवार, शनिवार

टीप :- वेळापत्रकात दोनवेळी वाणिज्य विभागातर्फे आवश्यक कारणासाठी बदल होऊ शकतात.
तशी सूचना विभागाद्वारे विद्यार्थ्यांना दिली जाईल


रंजन रा. माटे

(सहाय्यक प्राध्यापक)


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नवप्रतिभा महाविद्यालय, नागपुर

सत्र :- 2021-22

'भाग बाजार' प्रमाणपत्र अभ्यासक्रम

Syllabus

Unit 1

- 1) Introduction of share market (1 hour)
- 2) Financial market :- Meaning and function (1 hour)
- 3) Types of Financial Market (2 hours)
- 4) Stock exchange :- Meaning and introduction (1 hour)
- 5) Function of stock exchange (1 hour)
- 6) Stock exchange in India (1 hour)
- 7) Important terms related to stock exchange (1 hour)
- 8) Security and exchange Board of India (SEBI) (1 hour)
- 9) Function of SEBI (1 hour)

Unit 2,

- 10) Types of security (share, debenture, bond etc) (2 hour)
- 11) Procedure for issue of share and debenture (2 hour)
- 12) Depository system :- Meaning (1 hour)
- 13) Constituents of depository system (1 hour)
- 14) Function of depository system (1 hour)
- 15) Depository in India (1 hour)
- 16) IPO and FPO (1 hour)
- 17) Introduction about portfolio and watchlist (1 hour)

Unit 3

- 18) What is Nifty and Sensex (1 hour)
- 19) How to open account for trading (1 hour)
- 20) Trading of share (1 hour)
- 21) Introduction of option chain (1 hour)
- 22) Technical analysis (1 hour)
- 23) Analysis of profit and loss of company (2 hour)
- 24) What is support and resistance (1 hour)
- 25) Candlestick pattern of share (1 hour)
- 26) Bank Nifty and option (1 hour)



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पात्रता (Eligibility):-

बी. कॉम प्रथम वर्षाचे विद्यार्थी

प्रवेशमर्यादा (Enrolment):-

कमाल 80 विद्यार्थी

कालावधी व शिकविण्याचे तास (Duration and Teaching Hours):-

30 दिवस, प्रत्येक दिवशी 1 तास

परिक्षा (Examination):-

20 गुणांची परीक्षा घेतली जाईल. त्यात तोंडी व लेखी असे दोन भाग असतील मिळणाऱ्या अंतिम श्रेणीची विभागणी खालीलप्रमाणे राहिल.

अ. क्र.	गुणवत्ता	श्रेणी	गुण
1	अव्वल	O Grade	70 % टक्क्याच्या वर
2	प्रथम श्रेणी	A Grade	60 % ते 70%
3	द्वितीय श्रेणी	B Grade	50 % ते 60%
4	L उत्तीर्ण	D Grade	40 %ते 50%
5	अनुत्तीर्ण	F Grade	40 % टक्क्याच्या खाली


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1. How many companies are included in the SENSEX?
 - (a) 30
 - (b) 50
 - (c) 111
 - (d) 25
2. Which of the following is responsible for the fluctuations in the Sensex?
 - (a) Rain
 - (b) Monetary policy
 - (c) Political instability
 - (d) All of the above
3. Which of the following words does not belong to the stock exchange?
 - (a) KPO
 - (b) NSE
 - (c) IPO
 - (d) NIFTY
4. What is called "Blue Chip"?
 - (a) Companies which are run by large corporate houses
 - (b) A company, whose share always provides profit
 - (c) A multinational company

(d) A company which is listed on a foreign stock exchange

5. When was Nifty established?

(a) 1952

(b) 1965

(c) 1991

(d) 1996

6. Dividends received from limited companies are:

(a) Taxable

(b) Non-taxable

7. The Share price is decided by:

(a) Stock Exchange Management

(b) Companies

(c) Buyers and sellers of the particular stocks

(d) Central government

8. The term Bullish indicates:

(a) Positive price action

(b) Negative price action

(c) Neutral price action

(d) None of these.

9. What is the expansion of SENSEX?

(a) Sensitive Index of Bombay Stock Exchange

(b) Sensitive Index of National Stock Exchange

- (c) Stock Exchange of Indian Index
- (d) Indian Stock Report of Companies

10. Indian Stock Markets Movements are influenced by:

- (a) Global political factors
- (b) Domestic political factors
- (c) Global and domestic economic factors
- (d) All of the above.

11. The process of issuing share to the public is called as:

- (a) Right issue
- (b) Bonus issue
- (c) Initial Public Offer
- (d) Company issue

12. The Stock Market trading time in India (NSE and BSE) is:

- (a) 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM
- (b) 10:00 AM to 4:30 PM
- (c) 9:45 AM to 3:00 PM
- (d) 9:15 AM to 3:30 PM

13. The first computerised online stock exchange in India was

- (a) NSE
- (b) BSE
- (c) MCX
- (d) Commodity

14. A rise in "Sensex" means:

- (a) A rise in prices of shares of all companies registered with the Bombay Stock Exchange
- (b) An overall rise in prices of shares of all companies registered with the National Stock Exchange
- (c) An overall rise in prices of shares of group of companies registered with the Bombay Stock Exchange
- (d) All of the above.

15. Debenture holders of a company are its:

- (a) Owners
- (b) Creditors
- (c) Debtors
- (d) Directors

16. SEBI was established in the year:

- (a) 1992
- (b) 1988
- (c) 1990
- (d) 1989

17. The regulatory body for the securities market in India is:

- (a) RBI
- (b) IRDA
- (c) Stock exchanges
- (d) SEBI

18. Bull and _____ are speculators.

- (a) Jobber
- (b) Bear

(c) Broker

(d) Share holders

19. _____ are called non-cleared securities.

(a) Group B share

(b) Group A share

(c) Group G shares

(d) None of these

20. Rigging activity is carried on by the _____ speculators.

(a) Bull

(b) Jobber

(c) Bear

(d) Broker


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सत्र :- 2021-22

वर्ग B.com 1st year

उपस्थितीपत्रक

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62	SEJAL GIRIDHAR BALPANDE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	
63	SEJAL VILASH JAMBHULKAR	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
64	SHIVANI SAHABLAL SHAHU	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
65	SHRUTI JEEVAN MANDAWKAR	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	
66	SHUBHAM VIVEK JOSHI	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
67	SNEHA SANJAY JADHAV	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
68	SURAJ AMBADAS WAGHMARE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
69	TANMAY ANIL KALE	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
70	TANNU ASARAM RAMTEKE	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
71	TEJAS DADUJI DAKARE	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
72	TEJASWINI RAJENDRA SONTAKKE	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	
73	TUSHAR ISHWAR BHONDALE	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	
74	TWINKAL RAJU MARWE	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
75	VAIBHAV SIDDHARTH RAHATE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
76	VAISHALI JAGDISH BANWADE	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
77	VAISHNIL KISHOR BORKAR	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	
78	VEDANT ISHWARRAO JANGLE	P	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	


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Dr. Deoman Kamdi



Assistant Professor
Roshan R. Mate



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